1. **Enabling Legislation:**
   - Sport Fish Restoration Act also known as Dingell-Johnson (DJ) Act of 1950

2. **Purpose:**
   - Restoration and management of fish species of material value for sport-fishing and recreation
   - Provide facilities that create or add to public access for recreational boating
   - Provide aquatic education to public to increase understanding of water resources and associated aquatic life

3. **Eligible Grantees:**
   - All State / Territory fish and wildlife agencies with assent legislation

4. **Eligible Projects:**
   - Projects restoring, conserving, managing, and enhancing sport fish having material value for sport or recreation
   - Projects enhancing the public’s understanding of water resources and aquatic life, assisting them in developing attitudes toward the aquatic environment

5. **Source of funds:**
   - Permanent/Indefinite Appropriation
   - 57% of amount in Sport Fish Restoration & Boating Trust Fund (authorized through 2009) - revenues from the following:
     - Excise taxes on sport fishing equipment and electric motors
     - Import duties on fishing tackle, yachts and pleasure craft
     - Portion of gasoline tax attributable to motorboats and small engines
     - Interest earned on Trust Fund

6. **Distribution method:**
   - Apportioned based on formula

7. **Spending mandates, fund matching requirements, and/or limitations on availability of funds:**
   - Cost reimbursement
   - Provides up to 75% federal funding, 25% required from non-federal sources
   - 100% federal funding for Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa and N. Mariana Islands
   - Annual apportionment available for 2 years
   - Reverted funds are reapportioned to Sport Fish Restoration in subsequent cycle
   - Only 15% of apportioned funds may be used for aquatic education (no limit for PR, DC, CNMI, Guam, VI and American Samoa)
   - At least 15% of apportioned funds must be used for acquisition, development, renovation or improvement of facilities to create or add public access to waters for recreational boating (averaged by region over 5 year period)
   - Coastal States must equitably allocate apportionment between freshwater and marine projects in proportion to number of resident marine / freshwater anglers
   - Amount allocated by States for freshwater programs each fiscal year cannot be less than amount allocated for fiscal year 1988

8. **Special conditions or requirements:**
   - Pass and maintain assent legislation
   - Submit eligible sport fish restoration projects including boating access and/or aquatic education
   - Submit annual license certification

9. **Governing Guidance:**
   - Sport Fish Restoration Act
   - 50 CFR 80
   - 43 CFR Part 12
   - USFWS Manual Chapters